

I Know You

OPENING QUESTION

Who knows you better: Family or Friends? What makes you think so?

READ Revelation 2:1—29.

1. What were the primary strengths you see in the church in Ephesus?

- A. They don't put up with wicked people.
- B. They have good deeds, hard work, and perseverance.
- c. This is where John had been the pastor before his exile.
- **D.** Their Christianity affected the whole city (Acts 19:23-41).
- E. They followed the latest church growth strategies.
- F. Paul wrote his letter to the Ephesians for these people.
- G. They were re-baptized in order to receive the Holy Spirit (Acts 19).
- H. They checked things out and exposed what was false.
- I. Other.

2. How can a church (or person) re-kindle love that has grown cold?

- A. Have bonfires.
- **B.** Take stock of where you are; compare it with where you want to be.
- c. Repent.
- **D.** Create a committee to do something about it.
- E. Redecorate.
- **F.** Go back and start doing what you did when you first fell in love.
- G. Get some counseling.
- H. Change something; anything!
- I. Other.

3. How can church members in Smyrna be poverty-stricken and also rich?

- A. This makes no sense.
- B. They chose to live a simple lifestyle even though they were loaded.
- c. They had been rich, but then they lost it all.
- **D.** They had been poor, but then they gained it all.
- **E.** Their cash flow and liquidity were terrible, but they had great assets.
- F. It all depends on what a person truly values.
- **G.** They were copying Jesus (2 Corinthians 8:9).
- H. Instead of a balanced portfolio, they invested everything in heaven.
- I. Other.

4. What sounds troubling about Christ's message to the church in Smyrna?

- A. Nothing.
- B. Everything.
- **c.** Christ had died, and he suggested the same might be true for them.
- **D.** This message lacks hope.
- **E.** He knew about their poverty, but didn't indicate he would change it.
- F. Christ identified the slander directed at them, but he didn't stop it.
- **G.** This sounds horrible—who wants this?
- H. You have to die in order to win.
- I. Other.

5. What's the big deal about food sacrificed to idols and sexual immorality?

- A. One is definitely worse than the other, and that one is _____
- B. There are much bigger issues than those two.
- c. These were issues in John's day, but not in our day.
- **D.** Following Christ often goes against current culture and practices.
- E. These were the minimums for early Christians (Acts 15:28-29).
- **F.** That's what the church members in some of the churches were doing.
- G. It's really not a big deal.
- H. Other.

6. Why is the message to Thyatira longer than any of the others?

- A. This church was a real mess.
- B. They were doing very well, and John commended them.
- c. It was a split church.
- **D.** The church had a lot happening, so Jesus gave John a lot to say.
- E. Mentioning "Jezebel" sounded an alarm (1 Kings 16:29-33).
- **F.** God is a passionate lover who gets jealous.
- G. John just got carried away.
- H. Other.
- 7. Each church first got addressed by a few aspects of Jesus drawn from Revelation 1:12-20. What do the specific attributes have to do with that church or the message given to it?
- 8. What does John mean when he wrote repeatedly, "Whoever has ears, let them hear what the Spirit says to the churches"?

Mixed Bag

OPENING QUESTION

Name one thing you like and one thing you don't like about your church.

READ Revelation 3:1—22.

1. Why is the church in Sardis supposedly alive, but they are dead?

- A. It was the largest of the 7 churches; large churches tend to be dead.
- **B.** They were more concerned with their church's image than its reality.
- **c.** They were very busy, but that didn't provide what they really needed.
- **D.** Things change.
- E. Reminiscing about the "good ol' days" rarely helps things today.
- **F.** It had a bunch of old people, but hardly any young people.
- G. The church reflected the city, which was living in the past.
- H. Persecution had reduced the membership and attendance.
- I. Other.

2. What is the BEST thing for those in the Philadelphia Church?

- A. It's the city of "brotherly love."
- **B.** They get the key of David—access to the king's treasury.
- c. A wide open door that can't be shut.
- **D.** Their weakness ("little strength").
- E. Their perseverance through difficult times.
- F. They already have a crown.
- **G.** People got along so well with each other.
- H. The promise of so many names.
- I. Other.

3. What is the "open door" (vs. 8) for the Church in Philadelphia?

- A. They had a deacon who always opened the church early.
- B. The city was the gateway for culture between West and East.
- c. It was time for some people to leave.
- **D.** Opportunities to evangelize their community.
- **E.** Opportunities to evangelize the world.
- **F.** Those who preceded them paved the way to make it easy.
- G. People seem to just come and go.
- H. It provided a quick getaway because of the many earthquakes there.
- I. Other.

4. How could those in Laodicea not feel the need for anything?

- A. They already had everything.
- B. Their lukewarm drinking water messed them up.
- c. They were satisfied with what they had.
- **D.** There wasn't any persecution like in other churches.
- **E.** They had mastered the art of "being cool" and that's all that mattered.
- F. They weren't aware of what they were missing.
- G. Jesus wasn't in their church.
- H. Other.

5. What does verse 19 look like in action?

- A. Easy street.
- B. Get ready for some growth through tough times.
- c. God's love accepts us where we are but doesn't leave us there.
- **D.** Christ's followers sometimes do the wrong thing(s).
- E. Expect correction.
- F. No hurt feelings.
- **G.** Jump at the opportunity to repent.
- н. Other.

6. What does "Behold I stand at the door and knock" bring to mind?

- **A.** That painting of Jesus knocking on the door.
- B. A song I heard with those lyrics.
- c. My personal commitment to Jesus.
- D. Jesus pursues me.
- E. Jesus as a lover, similar to Song of Solomon 5:2.
- F. What's Jesus doing on the outside instead of the inside?
- **G.** This is about an entire church (Laodicea), not just an individual.
- **н.** Other.

7. Of the 7 churches, which one is:

•	The best?
•	The worst?
•	Most like you?
•	Most like your church?

8. Each church receives promises to the victorious/overcomers. What does it take to be "victorious" or an "overcomer"? Which promise appeals to you the most?

Blow Me Away!

OPENING QUESTION

When have you been amazed beyond words-blown away?

READ Revelation 4:1—11.

1. When is the "after this" that gets mentioned twice in verse one?

- A. After the death of Christ.
- B. After the creation of the world.
- c. After the Second Coming of Christ.
- **D.** Nobody knows.
- E. Following the messages to the seven churches (chapters 2-3).
- F. After John died he must have somehow been taken to heaven.
- G. When John finally gets off the Island of Patmos.
- H. Once the victorious sit with Jesus on God's throne (Rev 3:21).
- I. Other.

2. What seems to be the "key word" in this chapter (mentioned 11 times)?

- A. After.
- B. Holy.
- c. Crowns.
- **D.** Eyes.
- E. Throne.
- **F.** The numbers 4, 7, and 24.
- G. Elders.
- H. The.
- I. Other.

3. What does John see in this vision?

- A. A view of what heaven is like.
- **B.** Thrones.
- c. God.
- **D.** The crown jewels of the universe.
- E. Monsters and dead people.
- F. God the Father, God the Son, and God the Holy Spirit.
- **G.** Lots of action.
- H. The typical happenings in heaven—day and night.
- I. Other.

4. Who is the one sitting on the throne in heaven?

- A. Jesus.
- B. God the Father.
- c. The Holy Spirit.
- **D.** Satan.
- **E.** The four living creatures.
- F. The 24 elders.
- G. The Lord God Almighty (see Rev 1:4-5).
- H. Other.

5. What might these four living creatures symbolize?

- A. I think John was on hallucinogenic drugs.
- B. What Ezekiel saw in his first vision (Ezekiel 1:4-28).
- c. Daniel, Shadrach, Meshach, and Abednego.
- **D.** Four standards of God's people around the sanctuary (Num. 2:2-25).
- E. Peter, James, John, and Judas.
- F. The number four symbolizes the entire earth.
- **G.** God in heaven sees everything happening on earth.
- н. Other.

6. Who are the "seven spirits of God"?

- A. The same thing seen in Revelation 1:4.
- B. Seven Holy Spirits.
- c. The perfect (symbolized by the number 7) Holy Spirit.
- D. A reference to Isaiah 11:2.
- E. Closely connected to God the Father (before the throne).
- F. The name of a new music group.
- G. The same thing seen in Genesis 1:1-2.
- H. Other.
- 7. Who is conspicuously missing from this throne room scene in heaven? When, in the history of the universe, was he not in heaven?
- 8. People shouted, "Our Lord and God," to the Roman emperor Domitian in triumphal procession. In Revelation 4, this shout goes to the one on heaven's throne who is worthy to receive glory, honor, and praise. How do you respond to him?

Heaven Goes Bonkers

OPENING QUESTION

When have you screamed and shouted so much that you lost your voice?

READ Revelation 5:1—14.

1. John heard "Lion of the tribe of Judah" but he saw a "Lamb slaughtered." How could these two symbols represent the same being?

- A. They can't.
- **B.** They seem like opposites.
- c. They're symbols; they can represent anything.
- **D.** Jesus is both a lion and a lamb.
- E. We need a codebook to decipher the various symbols in Revelation.
- F. There's a lot more to Jesus than just one symbol.
- G. Oh stop; you're just confusing me!
- H. Other.

2. What makes Jesus different from everyone in heaven, on earth, and under the earth?

- A. He's Jesus.
- B. He's God.
- c. Jesus is more powerful than everyone everywhere.
- **D.** Jesus died.
- E. Jesus came back to life.
- F. Jesus is God and also human.
- **G.** Jesus purchased all people to serve God and to reign on the earth.
- H. Other.

3. Why is Jesus worthy to open the seals?

- A. He was God and he became human.
- **B.** Jesus is now the king of Earth.
- c. Jesus paid the penalty of the sinful human race by dying for all.
- **D.** He replaced Israel's line of kings as the perfect "Son of David."
- E. Jesus defeated Satan.
- F. He is both Lion and Lamb.
- G. Jesus received more votes than anyone else.
- H. He succeeded in his mission to Earth.
- I. Other.

4. What would the throne room scene in Rev 5 bring to John's mind?

- A. Jealousy.
- B. Amazement.
- c. The Island of Patmos.
- **D.** When Israelite kings were enthroned (2 Kings 11:12).
- E. The Coliseum in Rome.
- F. God's instruction to Moses for future kings (Deut. 17:18-20).
- G. Christ's before the high priest Caiaphas's kangaroo court (Matthew 26:59-68).
- H. Other.

5. What happened when Jesus was enthroned in heaven?

- A. We have absolutely no idea—we're on earth.
- B. Heaven went bonkers with praise.
- c. The seals could be broken and the scroll could be opened.
- **D.** This meant Christ's mission to earth had been successful.
- E. Satan was cast out of heaven.
- F. The Holy Spirit was sent into all the earth.
- G. Some who had died earlier went with Jesus to heaven (Eph. 4:8).
- н. Other.

6. What's the significance of Jesus being on the throne with God the Father in heaven?

- A. Someone is in charge of the universe.
- B. Jesus and God the Father are equal.
- c. Part of the promise to the victorious in Rev 3:21 has come true.
- **D.** All heaven rejoices.
- E. Jesus, our "brother," reigns in heaven and represents Earth there.
- **F.** The throne is a bench so they don't have to take turns.
- **G.** The Holy Spirit is now released to be all over the earth.
- н. Other.

7. Why are the "seven spirits" sent out into all the earth now instead of remaining before the throne of God in heaven (Rev 5:6 cf. Rev 1:4; 4:5)?

8. Answer the questions: Who? What? When? Where? Why? and How? when it comes to YOU PRAISING GOD.

Coming Undone

OPENING QUESTION

When did you plan something and it didn't go the way you had planned?

READ Revelation 6:1—17.

1. The first seal (white horse, vs. 1-2) reveals:

- A. Roman generals aren't the only victorious ones (see Rev. 19:11-16).
- B. Christ's enthronement in heaven (Rev. 5) isn't the end of things.
- c. Heaven must have a horse stable.
- **D.** There is territory on earth that heaven still needs to conquer.
- E. The same message Jesus gave in Matthew 24:14.
- F. Heaven is the source for opening the seals.
- G. There's nothing but good ahead.
- H. The rider on the white horse wears a "victory" crown.
- I. Other.

2. The second seal (red horse, vs. 3-4) reveals:

- A. Bloodshed and possibly war.
- B. The same message Jesus gave in Matthew 24:6-7.
- c. Battling against God doesn't work.
- D. What occurred in Judges 7:22 and 1 Samuel 14:20 will happen again.
- E. It's going to be a colorful parade.
- F. The rise of Communist "Red" China was predicted in Revelation.
- G. Jesus died for our sins.
- H. There's more than one color of horses, like Zechariah 6:1-7.
- I. Other.

3. The third seal (black horse, vs. 5-6) reveals:

- A. Jesus likes black stallions.
- B. The curses that come from breaking God's covenant (Lev. 26:18-26).
- c. Cowboys with black hats are the bad guys.
- **D.** Famine conditions, even handing out bread by weight.
- **E.** Black symbolizes darkness, which is the opposite of Jesus—the light.
- F. Hope in times of grain famine—the oil and wine crops aren't hurt.
- G. The same message Jesus gave in Matthew 24:7.
- H. An absence of Jesus and the Gospel results in darkness.
- I. Other.

4. The fourth seal (pale horse, vs. 7-8) reveals:

- A. Things seem to get worse and worse.
- **B.** This horse needs to see a veterinarian.
- c. Breaking God's covenant results in punishment to prompt change.
- **D.** The same message God gave in *Jer. 29:17-19* and *Ezekiel 6:11-14*.
- E. You can't stop death.
- F. This wake-up call affects 1/4 of the earth, not the whole earth.
- G. Death and Hades scare some, but are no threat to Jesus (Rev. 1:18).
- H. Other.

5. The fifth seal (vs. g-11) reveals:

- A. God's timing isn't the same as our timing (see Psalm 13:1-2).
- **B.** You're better off following Satan than following God.
- c. God's people can be persecuted and even killed.
- **D.** There are no more horses coming from heaven.
- E. The same message Jesus gave in Matthew 24:9-11.
- F. God's people are covered in white while justice is delayed.
- **G.** A "prosperity gospel" (follow God and prosper) isn't the whole story.
- н. Other.

6. The sixth seal (vs. 12-17) reveals:

- A. A mess!
- **B.** The wrath of the Lamb.
- c. The same message Jesus gave in Matthew 24:29-30.
- **D.** God's Day of Judgment will come.
- E. The undoing of the earth, returning to what it was before creation.
- F. Position and power don't free anyone from facing God.
- G. A re-run of Joel 2:10 and 31.
- H. Other.

7. When have you cried out, "How long, O Lord"?

8. What do these first six seals "reveal" about Jesus? What questions do they raise for you? Is this "good news" or "bad news"?

Count 'em Up

OPENING QUESTION

When were you part of a huge crowd? What made you part of that group?

READ Revelation 7:1—17.

1. What's the deal with all of the 4s in verse 1?

- A. The number 4 is God's favorite number.
- B. The number 4 often gets associated with angels.
- **c.** The earth is really flat and shaped like a square with 4 corners.
- **D.** It symbolizes the whole earth.
- E. Corners, winds, land, sea, and trees are all related to each other.
- F. If the number was 7 instead of 4, it would make more sense to me.
- **G.** It's just a coincidence that John saw so many 4s in one place.
- **H.** It matches the 4 in *verse g*: nation, tribe, people, language.
- I. Other.

2. What does it mean to have the "seal of God in your forehead"?

- A. God is in your mind.
- **B.** It's okay to have a tattoo.
- c. You go to church on Sabbath—the 7th day of the week.
- D. You have the Holy Spirit (2 Cor. 1:21-22; Eph. 1:13-14).
- E. You often think about seals and maybe dolphins and Sea World.
- F. God's law is in your heart.
- G. You came from the tribe of Levi.
- H. You're protected from the "winds of strife."
- I. Other.

3. What is the significance of having 12,000 from each tribe of Israel?

- A. Equality.
- B. The number 12 is the kingdom number (Rev. 21:9-21).
- c. There are a lot of people, but not too many.
- **D.** The tribes of Dan and Ephraim are mysteriously missing.
- E. 1,000 symbolizes a military battalion; this is God's kingdom army.
- F. Still favored, Joseph gets 12,000 and so does his son Manasseh.
- G. The 10 Northern tribes of Israel that disappeared suddenly return.
- H. The Jews continue to be God's favored people (Dan. g:24).
- I. Other.

Israelites	
From every nation, tribe, people, language	
Stand before God's throne	
Hold palm branches	
Serve God in his temple	
Stand before the Lamb	
Have the seal of God in their foreheads	
Wear white robes	
Experienced great tribulation	
Are also described in Rev. 14:1-5	
John hears about them	
John sees them	
God shelters them with his presence	
 b. How do you explain the difference between the 144,000 and the great multitude the no one can number? A. I don't. B. The 144,000 are those who are alive when Christ returns. C. The great multitude are those who followed God, but have died. D. They are the same group. E. 144,000 is the symbolic number of all who are saved. F. The 144,000 are God's elite saved—like Navy SEALs; closer to God. G. I have a chance with the great multitude, but not with the 144,000. H. The 144,000 are Jews and the great multitude are Gentiles. I. Other. 	at
. What symbolism do you see in this chapter? What does it mean?	
What does it take to be part of the 144,000? What does it take to be part of the gr multitude too large to count?	eat

4. Put "144" next to the characteristics that relate to the 144,000.

Put "+++" next to the characteristics that relate to the great multitude that no one can

number.

Lift Up the Trumpet, and Loud Let It Ring

OPENING QUESTION

What have you found is a good way to get people's attention?

READ Revelation 8:1—13.

1. What is the seventh seal all about (vs. 1)?

- A. I forgot completely about it after Revelation 7.
- B. Silence.
- c. A very short amount of time.
- **D.** Heaven must be empty at this time.
- E. I have absolutely no idea.
- F. Christ's second coming to earth.
- G. A symbolic week—the amount of time for earth to be re-created.
- H. Opposites: 7 seals intro: Heaven is loud. 7 seals end: Heaven is silent.
- I. Other.

2. What does the intro sanctuary scene to the 7 trumpets tell us (vs. 2-5)?

- A. This is going to be complicated.
- B. It comes from heaven—God's throne and angels.
- c. Lots of incense = lots of prayers.
- **D.** Earth is going to get hurt.
- E. God and heaven are very angry.
- **F.** Each day the earthly temple had similar actions followed by trumpets.
- **G.** The prayers from earth result in God taking action on the earth.
- H. Other.

3. The first trumpet (vs. 7) reveals:

- A. Lots of destruction.
- B. Some similarities with the plagues on Egypt (Ex. 7:14-24; 9:13-35).
- c. An allusion to God's fiery judgment in 2 Kings 1:5-15.
- **D.** The fraction 1/3 is more than the 1/4 in the seven seals.
- E. Judgment starts with God's people (Ps. 1:1-3; 1 Pet. 4:17).
- **F.** A flaming meteor that hits land, probably in the next month or so.
- G. It reminds me of God's fiery chariot for Elijah (2 Kings 2:11-15).
- H. A noisy brass ensemble that I don't want around me.
- I. Other.

4. The second trumpet (vs. 8) reveals:

- A. Even more destruction.
- B. The second trumpet matches the second plague in Rev. 16:3.
- c. The destruction of the Spanish Armada in 1588.
- D. Nations destroyed, symbolized by mountains (Is. 2:2-3; Jer. 51:25).
- E. A giant meteor will land in the ocean within the next year.
- **F.** God wants those who oppose him to turn to him in repentance.
- G. The sea is no safer than the land when it comes to the trumpets.
- H. A foretaste of what happens to Babylon in Rev. 18:17-24.
- I. Other.

5. The third trumpet reveals:

- A. This is the meteor we've been anticipating.
- B. A star usually represents Jesus (Num. 24:17; Matt. 2:2; Rev. 2:28).
- c. "Wormword" is an herb from the Near East that creates a bitter taste.
- D. Water, a source of life (Jer. 2:13), is bitter if tainted (Dt. 2g:18-22).
- E. The most infamous star in Scripture (Is. 14:12-15).
- **F.** A precursor to the star in the fifth trumpet (Rev. g:1).
- G. False prophets (Jer. 23:15).
- H. Other.

6. The fourth trumpet reveals:

- A. Less light.
- B. The prediction of the "Dark Day" of May 19, 1780, in New England.
- c. A repeat of the 9th plague on Egypt (Ex. 10:21-23).
- **D.** The impact of the trumpets continues to be 1/3 of the earth.
- E. It will affect the earth 24/7.
- **F.** The prediction Jesus made will come true (*Matt.* 24:29).
- G. Atheism and secularism are dark in contrast to the light of Christ.
- H. Other.

7. Do you expect things on this earth to get better or worse (vs. 13)?

8. What is your response to the first four trumpets that were introduced with a sanctuary scene that included much incense = much prayer?

Woe, Woe

OPENING QUESTION

When have you seen something go from bad to worse?

READ Revelation 9:1—21.

1. What is the star in the sixth seal doing?

- A. Shining brightly.
- B. It's the first of three woes (Rev. 8:13).
- c. It's the same star as the star in the third trumpet (Rev. 8:10-11).
- **D.** It opens Hell/Abyss when given the key (see also *Rev. g:11* & 11:7).
- E. Nothing.
- F. Blocks out the light of the sun.
- G. Leads wise men from the East to find baby Jesus.
- н. Other.

2. When the Bible mentions locusts, what comes to mind?

- **A.** The 5th trumpet (*Rev. 9:3-10*).
- B. Jumping and flying pests in the garden.
- c. The 8th plague on Egypt (Ex. 10:4-15).
- **D.** A description of the destruction of Babylon (Jer. 51:14).
- E. God's judgments for continuing to break his covenant (Joel 1:1-4, 15).
- F. John the Baptist's meals (Matt. 3:4).
- G. Those with the seal of God aren't hurt by the locusts (Rev. g:4).
- H. On the list of clean foods (Lev. 11:20-23).
- I. A lifespan of five months; also the period of the flood (Gen. 7:24; 8:3).
- 1. Other.

3. What are examples of what you find in verse 6?

- A. World War II and the Holocaust.
- **B.** My adolescence.
- c. People living life apart from God.
- D. Daniel's pronouncement at Belshazzar's feast (Dan. 5:22-23).
- E. Being stuck in a bad marriage.
- F. Perpetual depression.
- **G.** A series of one bad thing after another.
- H. Being around hyper-happy people.
- I. Other.

4. The unique descriptions of the locusts in verses 7-12 tell us:

- A. John must have been on drugs.
- **B.** God seems powerless to stop some horrible destruction.
- c. God has been protecting this earth from greater harm.
- **D.** God is destroying the earth he originally created.
- E. This has to be symbolic.
- F. The prophecy in *Joel 2:1-11* is going to happen again.
- G. Tails with stingers have Old Testament roots in Isaiah 9:13-15.
- H. There's a time frame for when "all hell" breaks loose.
- I. Other.

5. What's the deal with the four angels (v_5 . 14) found in the sixth trumpet?

- A. They sound like a gang that is bent on destruction.
- B. They remind me of Rev. 7:1-4.
- **c.** The Euphrates separates God's people from their foes (*Josh. 1:4*).
- **D.** These angels no longer restrain the armies of the locusts/horses.
- E. The number four symbolizes the whole world.
- **F.** They get their instructions from the altar of incense in heaven.
- G. I'm not sure if they are "good angels" or "evil angels."
- H. Other.

6. Why does God send these trumpet messages of woe to earth?

- A. God doesn't do this: Satan does.
- B. God does this as a "wake-up" call before the final Day of Judgment.
- c. It's a cosmic battle; we just happen to be in the middle of it.
- **D.** To let us know things get worse before they get better.
- E. My God would never do something like this.
- **F.** To reveal that when Satan is given a longer leash, he destroys more.
- G. God has had enough.
- H. Other.

7. When things go badly for you, are you more likely to resist, retreat, or repent? Explain.

8. What is your personal response to these trumpet blasts?

Bitter Sweet

OPENING QUESTION

What do you like that tastes sweet? What do you like that tastes bitter?

READ Revelation 10:1—11.

1. Who is this "mighty angel" described in this chapter?

- A. Jesus.
- B. An angel (it's the Greek word angelos which means "messenger").
- c. The term "strong angel" reminds me of Rev. 5:2.
- **D.** I think it's related to Jesus as described in Rev. 1:14-16.
- E. Satan.
- F. Gabriel.
- G. One of the four angels that holds back the four winds of Rev. 7:1.
- н. Someone from Star Wars.
- I. Other.

2. The angel with one foot on the sea and one foot on the land means:

- **A.** The angle clearly is right-footed.
- **B.** The angel isn't moving (the angel is "standing").
- c. The angel has everything on earth covered.
- **D.** This angel dominates—putting everything under one's feet.
- E. The angel would have to be Jesus in order to stand on water.
- F. An intro to Rev. 13's two beasts—one from the sea; one from land.
- G. Angels can dance.
- H. Heaven maintains connection with earth.
- I. Other.

3. What did the seven thunders reveal (vs. 4)?

- A. Don't even go there!
- B. The exact date of Christ's return.
- c. The contents of the little scroll.
- **D.** Who will go to heaven (and who won't).
- E. Any message from God (like Exodus 19:16-19).
- F. The mystery of God (vs. 7).
- G. When John would be released from Patmos.
- H. Refer to Deuteronomy 29:29.
- I. Other.

4. What is the "mystery of God" (vs. 7)?

- A. It's God's mystery-not something humans can decipher.
- B. Only God's people can figure it out.
- c. You need special, theological training, and a high IQ, to get it.
- D. Only children can figure it out (Matthew 18:3).
- E. The good news about Jesus (Colossians 1:26-27; 2:2-3).
- F. Whatever the Holy Spirit reveals beyond human understanding.
- G. Available to all who will receive it (Ephesians 3:8-10).
- H. Other.

5. This "little scroll" makes me think about:

- A. The scroll in Rev. 5.
- B. A little part of the scroll in Rev. 5.
- c. How the scroll must now be open because the 7 seals were opened.
- **D.** Manna-sweet-tasting.
- E. What God wants to reveal—his plan for Planet Earth.
- F. Ezekiel's similar vision and experience (Ezekiel 3:1-17).
- G. What the prophet Jeremiah faced (Jeremiah 15:15-21).
- H. Other.

6. What makes it hard to "prophesy again" to the whole world after a bitter experience?

- A. It's personally demoralizing.
- B. You become psychologically disturbed if you keep facing rejection.
- c. You begin to wonder if the message you're spreading is from God.
- **D.** The whole world seems like it's too large of a target.
- E. Feeling alone; maybe even deserted by God.
- F. Why waste your breath if nobody cares about the message?
- G. It takes you away from everything and everyone else.
- H. Other.

7. What is something you've experienced that started good, but turned out to be bad?

8. Why share the good news if it might end in a bitter experience?

Can I Get a Witness?

OPENING QUESTION

Who is a person you can count on to tell the truth?

READ Revelation 11:1—19.

1. Why measure God's temple and altar, but not the outer court?

- A. There's only so much time to do the measuring.
- B. "Measuring" means judging.
- c. Stanley brand tools are probably the best tools to use.
- **D.** God begins his judgment with those inside his temple.
- E. The temple being measured is the temple in heaven, not on earth.
- F. There's no need to measure a temple.
- **G.** This parallels the sealing of God's people after the sixth seal (*Rev.* 7).
- H. This matches the Day of Atonement for God's people.
- I. Other.

2. What caught your attention with the description of these two witnesses?

- A. It all sounds so wild and crazy!
- **B.** The many symbols sort of confuse me.
- c. They get killed.
- **D.** The witnesses prophesy for 1260 days—a long time.
- E. I thought witnesses weren't supposed to get killed.
- **F.** The word for witness is martus from which we get the word "martyr."
- G. The two witnesses have Old Testament roots in Deut. 17:6; 19:15.
- H. The two witnesses seem to have miraculous powers.
- I. Other.

3. It seems to me that the two witnesses are:

- A. Moses and Elijah.
- **B.** The law and the prophets.
- c. The Old Testament (OT) and the New Testament (NT).
- **D.** God's people in the OT and God's people in the NT.
- E. James and John.
- F. Smyrna and Philadelphia, the best "lampstands" (cf. 1:20; 11:4).
- **G.** Christians and Muslims.
- H. God's end-time people.
- I. Other.

4. What do you associate with the word "beast" (vs. 7)—used for the first time in Rev?

- A. Mean and nasty.
- B. Satan.
- c. A pawn in the hands of Satan.
- **D.** It comes from the Abyss-bottomless pit; the home of demons.
- E. The beast attacks and kills God's two witnesses.
- F. Disney's "Beauty and the Beast."
- G. It seems to be on the same side as the "inhabitants of the earth."
- H. Other.

5. What's the severe earthquake all about in verse 13?

- A. This symbolizes God's intervention in a world gone wrong.
- B. The tectonic plates and fault lines of earth have had enough.
- **c.** The beast from the Abyss makes this happen.
- D. It parallels the earthquake in the sixth seal (Rev. 6:12).
- E. The fraction 1/10 anticipates the city's future (Rev. 18:10, 16, 19).
- F. The 7,000 killed are in contrast to the 7,000 faithful (Rom. 11:2-5).
- **G.** The end of the second woe.
- H. Other.

6. The seventh trumpet (also the 3rd woe), sounds a lot like:

- **A.** The fifth and sixth trumpets (the 1st and 2nd woes).
- **B.** The Second Coming of Christ.
- c. Woe for the "inhabitants of the earth," but joy for God's people.
- **D.** Heaven's perspective, which is so different from earth's perspective.
- **E.** Gratitude in heaven.
- **F.** The destruction of those who destroy the earth.
- G. The fall of Jericho.
- H. Other.

7. You plus one other person makes "two witnesses." Who would that other person be, and what would be your witness?

8. Verse 1g introduces the heart of the book. What might this be about?

This Means WAR!

OPENING QUESTION

Who do you fight against most often?

READ Revelation 12:1—17.

1. What is the "great sign in heaven" starting in verse 1?

- A. A meteor shower.
- B. Mary-the mother of Jesus.
- c. All women who give birth.
- **D.** The Christian Church.
- E. The 12 tribes of Israel.
- F. God's people throughout time.
- **G.** The followers of Jesus whom Satan pursues.
- H. Those who suffer persecution.
- I. Other.

2. What is "another sign" that appeared in heaven, starting in verse 3?

- A. An enormous red dragon, with seven heads and ten horns.
- **B.** This might be King Herod killing the babies in Bethlehem.
- c. A composite of the four beasts in Daniel 7.
- **D.** This is symbolic, so we'll probably never know for sure.
- E. The one who swept a third of the stars to earth (see Rev 1:20).
- F. A serpent with wings is a dragon.
- G. Serpent, devil, dragon, Satan, accuser, war-monger, deceiver.
- H. It's obviously Satan.
- I. Other.

3. Who is the war between?

- A. It's happening only in heaven.
- **B.** It's happening only on earth.
- c. It's happening in heaven and on earth.
- D. Christ and Satan.
- E. Michael ("Who is like God") + his angels vs. the dragon + his angels.
- F. You and Satan.
- **G.** "Us" (_____) against "Them" _____).
- H. Me against my sinful nature.
- I. Other.

4. When was the dragon and his angels cast out of heaven to earth?

- A. Before the creation of earth.
- B. After earth was created, but before Adam and Eve sinned.
- c. After "The Fall" of Adam and Eve.
- **D.** At Christ's birth.
- E. At Christ's death.
- F. At Christ's ascension.
- G. Satan still has access to heaven.
- H. Other.

5. How do you beat the devil?

- A. You don't.
- **B.** Christ already beat him for you.
- c. By depending on Christ's death rather than Satan's accusations.
- **D.** Lots of guns and ammo.
- E. Identify with Jesus.
- F. Rely on the testimony Jesus provides.
- **G.** Study the devil's tactics.
- H. Place your life completely in Christ's hands no matter what happens.
- I. Other.

6. What is the dragon doing now?

- A. He's on vacation.
- B. Being a rage-a-holic because he's running out of time.
- **c.** Wreaking havoc because his workspace got reduced—no more access to heaven; only earth and the abyss now.
- **D.** Trying to make earth like hell.
- E. Accusing.
- F. Going after God's kids.
- **G.** Focusing his energies on the internet and social media.
- H. Other.

7. Why does Satan (the dragon) lose?

8. Where do you find Jesus in this chapter? The actual name "Jesus" appears only once, but you might see him in other places, too.

Bad News Beasts

OPENING QUESTION

What bully do you remember from your childhood?

READ Revelation 13:1—18.

1. Where does the first beast of Revelation 13 come from?

- A. The sea.
- B. The dragon.
- c. The United States.
- **D.** Russia or China.
- E. Heaven.
- F. Hell.
- **G.** The animals of *Daniel* 7.
- H. Hollywood.
- I. Other.

2. What catches your attention the most about this first beast?

- **A.** So fiercely animal-like.
- B. All the "inhabitants of the earth" worship it.
- c. Seems overpowering.
- **D.** Diverts worship away from God and to itself.
- E. It seems to die and then come back to life.
- F. Has earthly authority for a limited time.
- G. Copies many things about the dragon.
- H. Copies many things about Jesus.
- I. Other.

3. What do God's people need when it comes to the first beast?

- **A.** Lots of prayer.
- **B.** Military power.
- c. Patience.
- **D.** More allies.
- E. A stockpile of food.
- F. A community of faith.
- G. Endurance.
- H. Trust in God.
- I. Other.

4. What Old Testament roots come to mind with the second beast?

- A. I can't think of any.
- B. Daniel 3-Nebuchadnezzar, Shadrach, Meshach, and Abednego.
- c. Exodus 17—Amalekites defeated when Aaron and Hur assist Moses.
- **D.** Ezekiel g—A mark on the forehead of those who lament idolatry.
- E. Joshua 3—crossing the Jordan River.
- F. 1 Kings 18-Elijah on Mount Carmel.
- G. Deuteronomy 6-put God's laws on your forehead and hand.
- H. Other.

5. What is 666?

- A. A number.
- B. Code for the beast from the earth.
- **c.** The pope.
- **D.** A U.S. president.
- **E.** Only one of the characteristics of the earth beast.
- **F.** Man trying to be God: the number 6 (symbolically man), three times (symbolically God), is 6-6-6 = 666.
- G. It might have been clear in John's day, but it's not clear today.
- н. Other.

6. What is your gut reaction to these two beasts?

- A. Fear.
- **B.** Excitement.
- c. Dread.
- D. Anger.
- E. Hopelessness.
- F. Optimism.
- G. This is why I don't like the Book of Revelation.
- H. Other.

7. Where do you see the activity and actions of either beast today?

8. What hope is there for God's people with such a powerful trinity (dragon, sea beast, earth beast) out to get them?

Talk About a Difference!

OPENING QUESTION

What have you found is one of the main benefits of following Jesus?

READ Revelation 14:1—20.

1. How is the very first verse of Revelation 14 different from chapter 13?

- A. No more beasts.
- B. Describes heaven rather than earth.
- c. First time we've seen the Lamb since chapter 7.
- **D.** Describes something in the forehead.
- E. First time we've seen the 144,000 since chapter 7.
- F. These people follow the Lamb wherever He goes.
- **G.** Not as powerful as the beasts.
- H. A Lamb doesn't make most people think of beasts.
- I. Other.

2. Which characteristic of the 144,000 is your favorite?

- A. Know a new song that nobody else knows.
- B. Pictured as already being in heaven.
- c. With the Lamb.
- **p.** Firstfruits to God and the Lamb.
- E. Blameless.
- F. Virgins.
- G. Follow the Lamb wherever He goes.
- H. Don't lie.
- I. Other.

3. What does it mean to be the "firstfruits" to God and the Lamb (vs. 4)?

- A. They go to heaven first.
- **B.** They are God's favorites—his first choice.
- **c.** They are fruity.
- **D.** They belong to the priest/God (Numbers 18:8-13).
- **E.** Give to God first, trusting he will provide for your own food and seed.
- F. It can refer only to Christ (1 Corinthians 15:20-26).
- **G.** "First" has to do with the sequence—what happens first.
- H. "First" has to do with the importance—what is ranked first.
- I. Other.

4. What is the "eternal gospel" (vs. 6)?

- A. The good news about Jesus.
- B. A special message for the last days.
- c. Fear God; give him glory; final judgment; worship the Creator.
- **D.** God loves you.
- E. Jesus died for your sins.
- F. You can obey God's commands.
- G. Jesus is coming again.
- H. Other.

5. How is the 3rd Angel's Message "good news"?

- A. It's not.
- **B.** Justice is finally served.
- c. Blessed to be able to die "in the Lord."
- **D.** All who oppress God will be completely destroyed; never to return.
- E. Jesus is a lamb; but also a lion.
- **F.** The watching universe (angels) get to see the whole story play out.
- **G.** It's not that might = right; it's that right = might.
- H. Faithfulness to Jesus is what truly matters.
- I. Other.

6. What is the significance of the two harvests (vs. 14-20)?

- A. They match the Palestine harvests of Spring wheat and Fall grapes.
- B. It happens with three more angels.
- c. The first is God's harvest; the second is God's wrath.
- **D.** The harvest doesn't occur until the crop is fully ripe.
- E. This is a preview of two separate events found in Revelation 20.
- F. God likes wheat, but he doesn't like wine.
- **G.** The winepress of God's wrath is outside the city.
- H. Other.

7. Which one of the 3 Angels' Messages is your favorite, and why?

8. According to *verse* 12, God's people need patient endurance, they obey God's commands, and they stay faithful to Jesus. How do you relate to each of these three characteristics?

Song and Dance

OPENING QUESTION

When playing a game, when do you know for sure you have won?

READ Revelation 15:1—8.

1. If the 7 last plagues complete God's wrath, what started God's wrath?

- A. Satan and his rebellion.
- B. God's response to Satan.
- c. Adam and Eve in the Garden of Eden.
- **D.** The Flood.
- E. Christ's death on the cross.
- F. Failure to worship God.
- G. Sodom and Gomorrah.
- H. Other.

2. What is the "Song of Moses and the Lamb"?

- A. Only the oldest manuscripts contain both the lyrics and the music.
- B. Freedom from bondage.
- c. Victory over tyrannical, ego-maniac dictators.
- D. Just read it in verses 3-4 of Revelation 15.
- E. An expression of worship and praise.
- F. Components of Psalm 86, 98, and 111, Deut. 32, and Jeremiah 10.
- **G.** Follow the Lamb wherever He goes.
- H. A blend of Old Testament and New Testament versions of victory.
- I. Other.

3. Why are the words "fear," "glory," "righteous/justice," and "worship" in Rev 15:4 and 14:7?

- A. It's the same author.
- **B.** It's the same message.
- **c.** It's just a coincidence.
- **D.** It's not a match.
- E. You can't make the same words in two verses mean the same thing.
- **F.** The repetition gives added emphasis to it.
- **G.** One leads to the other.
- H. Those who respond to the 1st angel's message end up singing.
- I. Other.

4. What hint might come from seeing the "tabernacle of testimony" (vs. 5)?

- A. It shows what's happening in heaven, in the sanctuary.
- B. It's a repeat of the previous sanctuary scene (Rev. 11:19).
- c. It's different from Rev. 11:19; "testimony" differs from "covenant."
- **D.** The NIV renders a mistranslation here.
- E. I didn't even notice it was another sanctuary scene.
- F. The root for this comes from the testimony of Rev. 6:10.
- **G.** God answers prayers in his time and his way, not necessarily ours.
- H. Other.

5. Why would Jesus send plagues on the earth?

- A. He's mad.
- B. Jesus doesn't send them; Satan does.
- c. It's not Jesus; it's the 7 angels.
- **D.** One of the 4 living creatures gives the bowls/plagues to the angels.
- E. It's time to wrap things up on earth; no more mercy.
- F. God's people have been crying for justice (Rev. 6:10); now it comes.
- **G.** For the same reason he sent plagues on Egypt.
- H. Other.

6. What is the significance of no one being able to enter the temple in heaven until the 7 plagues are completed?

- A. The plagues are pretty serious.
- **B.** No one can enter the temple in heaven at any time (we're on earth).
- c. The temple is simply a "no fly zone."
- **D.** It has Old Testament roots in *Exodus* 40:33-35 and 1 Kings 8:10-11.
- E. I don't see any significance at all.
- F. You must be sinless since Jesus can't forgive your sins at that time.
- **G.** Jesus is God so he can go into the temple whenever he chooses.
- H. All heaven is busy pouring out the 7 last plagues on earth.
- I. Other.

7. What is your favorite line in the Song of Moses and the Lamb (vs. 3-4)?

8. Why are the victorious pictured in heaven before the 7 last plagues/bowls get poured onto the earth?

When Prayers Finally Get Answered

OPENING QUESTION

Describe a time you saw a bully get what the bully deserved.

READ Revelation 16:1—21.

1. Where's the safest place to be when the plagues get poured on earth?

- A. The sea.
- B. The land.
- c. A bunker with supplies prepared in advance.
- D. Heaven.
- E. Away from "the beast."
- **F.** A spaceship.
- **G.** Wherever God wants you to be.
- H. There is no safe place at that time.
- I. Other.

2. What right does God have to send plagues?

- A. He is God.
- B. God doesn't do this; Satan does.
- c. This is simply justice, long delayed, and now cumulative.
- **D.** The prayers of God's people have cried out for justice for centuries.
- **E.** Two witnesses claim God is just in these judgments (vs. 5-7).
- **F.** He's done it before; he will do it again (if necessary).
- **G.** It's time; God has provided ample warning this would happen.
- H. Repeated and perpetual breaking of the covenant.
- I. Other.

3. These seven last plagues are reminiscent of what?

- A. The plagues that God sent on Egypt to free his people.
- **B.** The seven last plagues that fell on Egypt didn't touch God's people.
- c. The destruction of the Jewish temple in AD 70.
- **D.** Some of the very things the beast followers did now return on them.
- E. A horror or scary science fiction movie.
- F. The Flood in Noah's day.
- **G.** The sudden overthrow of Babylon in Old Testament times.
- H. Natural disasters on a large scale.
- I. Other.

4. What is the typical response to the plagues?

- A. Repentance.
- **B.** Resistance.
- c. A cry for mercy.
- **D.** A demand for justice.
- E. Joy.
- **F.** Prayers.
- **G.** Cursing God.
- H. Other.

5. Frogs come out of the mouths of the false trinity—what's that about?

- **A.** Another befuddling portion of Revelation.
- B. Frogs can be cute, but they're unclean animals.
- c. Frogs were the last trick Pharaoh's magicians were able to match.
- **D.** The false trinity speaks a foreign language.
- E. Frogs begin in the water but come onto the land.
- **F.** The false trinity continues to be united—it spews out the same thing.
- G. Frogs, Pharaoh, and the false trinity all go together.
- н. Other.

6. What seems to happen at the Battle of Armageddon (the only place in the Bible this term gets mentioned)?

- A. It's the mother of all battles.
- B. Armageddon literally means "Mountain of Megiddo."
- c. Jesus shows up and it's over-just like that.
- **D.** This battle has continued for centuries.
- E. After this, Satan will cease to exist.
- F. We won't know who wins until this final battle concludes.
- G. The great showdown between good and evil faces off.
- н. Other.

7. What seems to be the purpose of the 7 bowls/plagues?

8. Describe the emotions you feel when you think about the 7 bowls/plagues? What is your prayer now?

What a Woman!

OPENING QUESTION

Share your reaction when somebody shocked or surprised you in the past?

READ Revelation 17:1—18.

1. What are your first impressions of the great prostitute (vs. 1)?

- A. Why is it the angel with the 7 plagues who introduces her?
- B. I'd like to invite her to join our family for Christmas.
- c. Prostitute isn't a term that stirs joy and admiration in me.
- **D.** I wonder why she is in the Bible.
- E. She's quite popular with kings and "the inhabitants of the earth."
- F. It sounds sort of kinky.
- G. Oh no!
- H. I don't think she would be welcomed in my church.
- I. Other.

2. What about this woman reminds you of earlier parts in Revelation?

- A. There was a woman in Revelation 12 who represented God's people.
- B. I want to cry out, "How long, O Lord?"
- c. A red beast with 7 heads and 10 horns.
- **D.** Nothing.
- E. Babylon.
- F. Adultery.
- **G.** The wilderness.
- H. Attacks those who bear testimony to Jesus.
- I. Other.

3. What part does the beast play in Revelation 17?

- A. Provides transportation for the prostitute.
- **B.** Copies Jesus in several ways.
- **c.** The beast is scary.
- **D.** Heads and horns illustrate political and military influence and power.
- E. Seeks worship.
- F. Supports the prostitute.
- G. Turns on the prostitute in the end.
- H. Wages war against the Lamb, but loses.
- I. Other.

4. What do the seven hills represent (vs. g)?

- A. Rome.
- B. Seven is the perfect number, and hills are gentle places to sit.
- c. Athens, Istanbul, and Mumbai are situated on seven hills.
- **D.** Madrid. San Francisco, and Moscow are situated on seven hills.
- E. The word for "hills" is better translated as "mountains."
- F. Mountains in the Old Testament represent kingdoms (Jer. 51:25).
- G. Seven successive kings/kingdoms, like the ones found in Daniel 7.
- H. Other.

5. How would you explain the riddle found in verses 8-11?

- A. That which is, is not; that which is not, is; but not really.
- **B.** Forget it—these things drive me crazy.
- c. Three sets (vs. 8, 10, 11) with four phases in each set.
- **D.** It rules, loses its rule, gets it back, and finally loses everything.
- E. Is reminiscent of the sea beast in Revelation 13.
- F. Is reminiscent of the combined beasts of Dan. 7—7 heads, 10 horns.
- **G.** The United States or Russia or China.
- H. Other.

6. Ultimately, who is the woman of Revelation 17?

- A. God's people, pictured as a woman, who have apostatized.
- B. The inhabitants of the earth.
- c. The kings of the earth who seek power, honor, and praise.
- **D.** Babylon.
- E. Satan's people trying to imitate God's people.
- F. This sounds very much like Jeremiah 51.
- **G.** All who fight against the Lamb.
- H. Other.

7. What are the similarities and differences between the woman in Revelation 17 compared to the woman in Revelation 12?

8. Verses 13-14 sound like the Battle of Armageddon again (Rev 16:16). Where do you see this type of thing now?

Turnaround

OPENING QUESTION

Who (or what) was a big winner that became a total loser?

READ Revelation 18:1—24.

1. What made Babylon a winner?

- A. Might and power.
- B. Wealth and productivity.
- c. So many followed her.
- **D.** High ethical standards.
- E. Terrific marketing.
- F. Perpetual success.
- **G.** The dragon empowered her.
- H. Random acts of kindness.
- I. Other.

2. What made Babylon a loser?

- A. Babylon is not a loser.
- B. You can't stay #1 forever.
- c. Excessiveness.
- **D.** Internal decay that leads to self-destruction.
- E. God's judgment.
- F. Adultery.
- G. Drunkenness of those who followed her.
- H. A new kingdom that proved to be more powerful.
- I. Other.

3. Why are God's people called out of Babylon (vs. 4)?

- A. Some of God's people are still in Babylon.
- **B.** God's mercy seeks to save people before it's too late.
- c. A look into the crystal ball shows the string of wins is over.
- **D.** The 7 last plagues haven't fallen when this message is given.
- **E.** It's like Lot and his family before Sodom was destroyed.
- F. There's a potluck about to happen in Jerusalem.
- **G.** The term "Babylon has fallen" is still in the future.
- H. It's time for God's people to take a stand and leave.
- I. Other.

4. Why does the angel say to pay back double to Babylon (vs. 6-7)?

- A. God is very, very upset with Babylon.
- **B.** The angel of *Revelation 18* is very, very upset with Babylon.
- **c.** In economic terms, it's the punishment for stealing (Ex. 22:4, 7, 9).
- **D.** Babylon is simply getting a taste of its own medicine.
- E. It's fair.
- F. It's an idiom that means complete punishment (Is. 40:2; Jer. 16:18).
- G. Babylon can handle it.
- H. Other.

5. What makes Babylon's outlook so bleak?

- A. There has been such an unexpected turnaround from chapters 13-17.
- B. Michael has come to earth.
- c. Those Babylon seduced have now turned on her.
- D. Revelation 18 has 3 of the 7 "Woe's" in Revelation (vs. 10, 16, 19).
- E. Death, mourning, famine, fire, judgment, torment, doom.
- F. It looks like the stock market is going to crash again.
- G. Other.

6. Who rejoices over the fall of Babylon?

- A. Medo-Persia.
- B. God's people.
- c. God.
- D. Heaven.
- E. Nebuchadnezzar.
- F. Daniel, Jeremiah, Ezekiel (who all prophesied about OT Babylon).
- G. Peter, James, John, and Paul.
- H. Justice.
- I. Other.

7. Right now in your world, does it seem Babylon is a winner or a loser?

8. How do you "come out of Babylon" and still live on this earth?

One Wedding, Two Suppers

OPENING QUESTION

What is one memory you have from one of your favorite weddings?

READ Revelation 19:1—21.

1. Why does the great multitude in heaven shout, "Hallelujah"?

- A. It's the Mormon Tabernacle Choir singing Handel's "Hallelujah Chorus."
- B. Salvation, glory, and power belong to God.
- c. God's judgments are just and true.
- **D.** It's unusual since this OT word occurs only 4 times in the entire NT.
- **E.** Babylon is now gone for good—never to return.
- F. They are supposed to be saying, "Holy, holy, holy" (Rev. 4:8).
- **G.** God has avenged the blood of his servants.
- H. God already reigns in heaven, and he's about to reign again on earth.
- I. Other.

2. How do we know God is just in his judgments?

- A. We'll always wonder about that.
- B. He's God.
- c. He condemned the great prostitute; isn't that a "no-brainer"?
- **D.** The great multitude in heaven verified it.
- E. Two previous witnesses verified it (Rev. 16:5-7).
- F. It could go either way.
- G. God is "faithful and true" (vs. 11).
- H. This has been Satan's perpetual accusation.
- I. Other.

3. What is the "spirit of prophecy" (vs. 10)?

- A. The testimony of Jesus.
- **B.** The testimony from Jesus.
- c. The testimony about Jesus.
- D. The writings of Ellen White.
- E. Current messages God sends through current messengers.
- F. Any message God has given at any time.
- **G.** The same as *Rev.* 1:2, 9 and *John* 5:36-40.
- H. My testimony about Jesus.
- I. Other.

4. Why was the angel adamant about John NOT worshipping him (vs. 10)?

- A. This particular angel was hyper-sensitive about these things.
- B. Clearly not the same as the heavenly being in Rev. 1:12-18.
- c. The angel in Rev. 22:8-9 gave a similar warning.
- **D.** Worship is one of the main themes in Revelation.
- E. Worship is what Satan seeks to redirect from God.
- F. It wasn't Sabbath and worship takes place only on Sabbath.
- **G.** Although supernatural, the angel is no comparison to God.
- H. Other.

5. What indicators do you have that verses 11-16 describe Jesus?

- A. White horse of victory; white robe of righteousness dipped in blood.
- **B.** The armies of heaven follow, also dressed in white robes.
- c. It's puzzling not to see a Roman cross for crucifixion.
- D. 2x (robe and thigh) he's named "King of kings and Lord of lords."
- E. He wears many crowns (diadema = royal crowns).
- **F.** His sharp sword strikes down the nations.
- G. He is called "Faithful and True."
- H. It's just a wild guess.
- I. Other.

6. What is the supper for the birds of the air?

- A. Bird seed.
- **B.** One of the suppers of God; but not the one you want to attend.
- c. The opposite of the wedding supper of the Lamb.
- **D.** What's left after the beast and false prophet are in the lake of fire.
- **E.** Imagery of Old Testament battles where birds scavenged the dead.
- **F.** Leftovers.
- **G.** Once they are consumed, the enemies of God are finished.
- H. Other.

7. What are you doing to make yourself ready as the bride of the Lamb?

8. How do things end up for the enemies and bullies of God's people?

The End of Satan, Sin, and Death

OPENING QUESTION

When have you wished there'd be no more Satan—no more sin or death?

READ Revelation 20:1—15.

Put a O by the things in verses 1-3 that are similar to previous things in Revelation, and an X by the things that are different.

- A. ____ An angel comes from heaven.
- **B.** ____ The dragon gets labeled as Satan, serpent, and devil.
- c. ____ Satan is in control_ruling.
- D. ____ The Abyss-bottomless pit.
- **E.** ____ The followers of God experience persecution and death.
- F. ____ A time period called the 1,000 years (In Latin: millennium).
- **G.** ——Satan continues to deceive the nations of the earth.
- H. ____ Satan is given the key to the bottomless pit.
- I. ____Other.

2. When does Satan deceive the nations?

- A. All the time.
- B. Half of the time.
- c. Only until Christ's 2nd Coming.
- D. During the Millennium-the 1,000 years.
- E. After the Millennium—the 1,000 years.
- F. Only when the nations aren't Christian nations.
- G. He doesn't.
- **H.** It's only a part-time job, with an extended vacation in his future.
- I. Other.

3. Who sits on thrones in heaven as judges during the millennium?

- A. Those taken to heaven at Christ's 2nd Coming.
- **B.** Those taken to heaven at Christ's 3rd Coming.
- c. The martyrs who cried out for justice.
- **D.** The 144,000.
- E. The great multitude (Rev. 7:9-17).
- F. The victorious, as described in Rev. 3:21.
- **G.** Satan and his angels.
- H. Other.

THE MILLENNIUM

4. Plot the letters on the timeline above when these things take place:

- A. Christ takes his followers to heaven.
- B. Christ brings his followers from heaven to earth.
- c. God's people reign in heaven and judge what happened on earth.
- **D.** The "1st resurrection" takes place. Who's involved in this?
- E. The "2nd resurrection: takes place. Who's involved in this?
- F. Satan deceives the nations; they mount another attack against God.
- **G.** Those loyal to the dragon and the beasts face their judgment.
- **H.** Those opposed to God experience the 2nd death—never to return.
- I. Other.

5. What happens at the judgment after the 1,000 years/millennium?

- A. God's people discover God's judgments for the first time.
- B. Those opposed to God receive God's judgments.
- c. God's people already had all of their questions about earth answered.
- **D.** Those who followed Satan get to have all their questions answered.
- E. Satan repents.
- F. Those who follow Satan repent.
- G. The angels get to choose which side they want to be on.
- н. Other.

6. Why does God finally destroy Satan?

- A. He just can't take it anymore.
- B. God likes to flex his muscles.
- c. The whole universe is convinced that Satan must cease.
- **D.** The prayers of God's people must eventually be answered.
- E. After thousands of years of mercy, justice takes place.
- F. Satan self-destructs: Apart from God, nothing can continue to exist.
- **G.** Until Satan is destroyed, sin and death will continue.
- H. Other.

7. Some people are deceived by Satan, but others aren't? What makes the difference?

8. What does the millennium (the 1,000 years) tell you about Jesus?

Wow!

OPENING QUESTION

When have you gasped aloud or been "blown away"—like a bride beautifully dressed for her husband?

READ Revelation 21:1—27.

When you think of the New Jerusalem, what are you looking forward to the most? Prioritize (1-9) the following.

- A. ____ Tears wiped away.
- **B.** _____ Beauty.
- c. ____ No more sea/Hades/Hell.
- **D.** ____ No crying.
- **E.** ____ No pain.
- F. ____ The old is gone; everything is new.
- **G.** _____ Seeing God face-to-face.
- H. ____ No more death.
- I. ____Other.

2. Why is John reminded of those not in the New Jerusalem (vs. 8, 27)?

- A. They're stuck outside the city.
- B. We'll never forget these people.
- c. To keep those in the city acting right so they don't get thrown out.
- **D.** Don't even mention this in the context of the New Jerusalem.
- E. We're living before this time, so consider it now.
- **F.** The short-term payoff differs from the long-term payoff.
- **G.** It relates to everything else in the Book of Revelation.
- н. Other.

3. What grabs your attention with the description of the New Jerusalem?

- A. The size of the city.
- B. It moves from heaven to earth.
- c. The 12 gates of pearl.
- **D.** The 12 foundation stones.
- E. The names on the gates and foundation.
- F. How it shines with the glory of God.
- G. It doesn't seem real to me.
- н. Other.

4. Why is one of the angels who had the plagues also the one to describe the New Jerusalem to John (v_5 . q)?

- A. They were friends already.
- B. God was running low on angels, so they had to multi-task.
- c. There's a hierarchy in heaven.
- **D.** The plagues and the New Jerusalem are related.
- **E.** This was one of the few angels able to communicate in human terms.
- F. It should be a different angel.
- **G.** The plagues and the New Jerusalem are both indescribably beautiful.
- **H.** The angel with the key to the Abyss was still busy with the dragon.
- I. Other.

5. Why is there no temple/sanctuary in the New Jerusalem?

- **A.** Everyone goes to church, so the city itself is the sanctuary.
- **B.** The architect forgot that important element.
- c. The temple/sanctuary no longer has any purpose.
- **D.** There isn't enough room—too many people.
- **E.** The symbol of "God dwelling with us" is replaced with the reality.
- **F.** Not enough artists will be in heaven to create masterpieces.
- **G.** God the Father and Jesus are there—that's all you need.
- н. Other.

6. Why have gates when they will never be closed (vs. 25)?

- A. Walls with gates communicated safety for a city in John's day.
- **B.** The pearly gates contrast nicely with the walls.
- c. Just in case you need to close up the city, it's good to have gates.
- **D.** This symbolizes there will no longer be enemies on earth.
- E. It gives the angels on duty something to do.
- F. If the light of the city goes out, you'll need to close the gates.
- **G.** You need some way to get in and out of the city or else you're stuck.
- H. Other.

7. What makes the New Jerusalem appealing to you?

8. When it comes to the New Jerusalem, will you be "in" or "out"? What makes you think so?

Amen—So Be It!

OPENING QUESTION

Describe a time you were extremely thirsty for water.

READ Revelation 22:1—21.

1. What stands out in your mind regarding the "Water of Life" (vs. 1, 17)?

- A. It's clear as crystal.
- B. When you've lived through a drought, you'll understand better.
- c. It flows like a river from the throne of God and the Lamb.
- **D.** God provides it freely, plus an invitation to come drink it.
- E. It waters the Tree of Life on either side of the River of Life.
- F. Clean water can give life; contaminated water can cause death.
- **G.** God's people in the wilderness had to depend on God for water.
- H. John wrote about this in the story of the woman at the well (John 4).
- I. Other.

2. What does "soon" mean in Revelation 22 (vs. 6, 7, 12, 20)?

- A. Not much.
- **B.** Right away.
- c. Some unknown time in the future.
- D. It's a lot like crying "Wolf! Wolf!"
- E. It's more of a promise than a countdown.
- F. Sooner than some people want.
- **G.** From God's perspective, it's a short period of time.
- H. Humans should think in terms of "today" or "now" rather than "soon."
- I. Other.

3. Why does the Tree of Life have 12 different fruits (monthly crop)?

- A. This is the NEW Jerusalem—unlike any other earthly city.
- **B.** God loves variety.
- c. The number 12 is the symbolic number for God's kingdom.
- **D.** God prefers fruits over vegetables.
- E. This makes no sense—no sun or moon, so how are there months?
- F. Don't forget about the leaves that heal nations (race, ethnicity).
- **G.** The Water of Life does amazing things to the Tree of Life.
- H. Not everyone likes mangos.
- I. Other.

4. Who is Jesus in this last chapter of Revelation?

- A. Warrior.
- B. Prince of Peace.
- c. Lamb of God.
- **D.** Son of God.
- E. Judge.
- F. Lover.
- G. Object of worship.
- H. Suffering Messiah.
- I. Other.

5. Why is John so particular about no changes to the words in the scroll (vs. 18-19)?:

- A. Now that everything is right, he doesn't want it messed up again.
- B. There's a human tendency to add your own things to God's message.
- c. We often leave out the parts of God's message we don't like.
- **D.** The plagues can happen again at any time.
- E. Jesus unsealed the scroll in chapters 5-8.
- F. Artists are very picky.
- G. The scroll is to remain open to be shared, not edited (vs. 10).
- H. Other.

6. What is the significance of the word "Come" at the end of Revelation?

- A. It's an invitation from Jesus to us (3x).
- **B.** It's an invitation from us to Jesus (4x).
- c. It's the final "7" (3 + 4) in the book.
- **D.** The word is in the present tense—Jesus is coming now.
- E. It's in the first person "I" in contrast to the third person in chapter 1.
- **F.** There is a sexual connotation for the bride and the groom.
- G. This stands in contrast to the Gospel Commission: Go!
- H. Other.

7. What is God's part and what is your part in the time period between right now and Revelation 22?

8. Contemplate each word in *verse* 21; then paraphrase the verse here.

